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PBGC has fully complied with the provisions of 4 CFR 102.3; and

(2) In a request for administrative offset against amounts due and payable from the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund, that the PBGC has complied with applicable statutes and the regulations and procedures of the Office of Personnel Management.

§ 4903.24 Requests for offset from other agencies.

- (a) General. As provided in the Federal Claims Collections Standards (4 CFR 102.3(d)), the PBGC generally will comply with requests from other agencies to initiate administrative offset to collect debts owed to the United States unless the requesting agency has not complied with the applicable provisions of the Federal Claims Collection Standards or the offset would be otherwise contrary to law.
- (b) Submission of requests. (1) Any agency may request that funds payable to its debtor by the PBGC be administratively offset to collect a debt owed to such agency by the debtor by submitting the certification described in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (2) All such requests should be directed to the Director, Financial Operations Department, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, 1200 K Street, NW., Washington, DC 20005-4026.
- (c) Certification required. The PBGC will not initiate administrative offset in response to a request from another agency until it receives written certification from the requesting agency, signed by an appropriate agency official, that the debtor owes the debt (including the amount) and that the requesting agency has fully complied with the provisions of 4 CFR 102.3 (with a citation to the agency's own administrative offset regulations).

Subpart C—Tax Refund Offset

§ 4903.31 Eligibility of debt for tax refund offset.

The PBGC will determine whether a debt is eligible for tax refund offset in accordance with IRS regulations (26 CFR 301.6402-6 (c) and (d)). The PBGC may refer a past-due, legally enforceable debt to the IRS for offset if:

- (a) The debt is a judgment debt, or the PBGC's right of action accrued not more than 10 years earlier (unless the debt is specifically exempt from this requirement):
- (b) The PBGC cannot currently collect the debt by salary offset (pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 5514(a)(1));
- (c) The debt is ineligible for administrative offset (by reason of 31 U.S.C. 3716(c)(2)), or the PBGC cannot currently collect the debt by administrative offset (under 31 U.S.C. 3716 and subpart B of this part) against amounts payable by the debtor to the PBGC;
- (d) The PBGC has notified, or attempted to notify, the debtor of its intent to refer the debt, given the debtor an opportunity to present evidence that all or part of the debt is not pastdue or not legally enforceable, considered any evidence presented by the debtor in accordance with §4903.32, and determined that the debt is past-due and legally enforceable:
- (e) If the debt is a consumer debt and exceeds \$100, the PBGC has disclosed the debt to a consumer reporting agency (as authorized by 31 U.S.C. 3711(f) and provided in §4903.32), unless a consumer reporting agency would be prohibited from reporting information concerning the debt (by reason of 15 U.S.C. 1681c); and
 - (f) The debt is at least \$25.

§ 4903.32 Tax refund offset procedures.

- (a) General. Before referring a debt for tax refund offset, the PBGC will complete the procedures specified in paragraph (b) and, if applicable, paragraph (c) of this section. The PBGC may satisfy these requirements in conjunction with any other procedures that apply to the same debt, such as those prescribed in §4903.22 or part 4003 of this chapter.
- (b) Notice, opportunity to present evidence, and determination of indebtedness. (1) The PBGC will notify, or make a reasonable attempt to notify, a person owing a debt (a "debtor") that a debt is past-due and if not repaid within 60 days, the PBGC will refer the debt to the IRS for offset against any overpayment of tax. For this purpose, compliance with IRS procedures (26 CFR 301.6402–6(d)(1)) constitutes a reasonable attempt to notify a debtor.

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- (2) A debtor will have at least 60 days to present evidence, for consideration by the PBGC, that all or part of a debt is not past-due or not legally enforceable.
- (3) If evidence that all or part of a debt is not past-due or not legally enforceable is considered by an agent or person other than a PBGC employee acting on behalf of the PBGC, a debtor will have at least 30 days from the date of the determination on the debt to request review by the Director of the Financial Operations Department (or a department official designated by the Director).
- (4) The PBGC will notify a debtor of its determination as to whether all or part of a debt is past-due and legally enforceable.
- (c) Consumer reporting agency disclosure. (1)(i) If a consumer debt exceeds \$100, the Director of the Financial Operations Department (or a department official designated by the Director), after verifying the validity and overdue status of the debt and that section 605 of the Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. 1681c) does not prohibit a consumer reporting agency from reporting information concerning the debt because it is obsolete, will send the individual who owes the debt a written notice—
 - (A) That the debt is past-due;
- (B) That the PBGC intends to disclose to a consumer reporting agency that the individual is responsible for the debt and the specific information to be disclosed; and
- (C) How the individual may obtain an explanation of the debt, dispute the information in PBGC's records, and obtain administrative review of the debt.
- (ii) If the PBGC does not have a current address for an individual, the Director of the Financial Operations Department (or a department official designated by the Director) will take reasonable action to locate the individual.
- (2) The Director of the Financial Operations Department (or a department official designated by the Director) will disclose the debt if, within 60 days (or, at his or her discretion, more than 60 days) after sending the notice described in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, the individual has not repaid the debt, or agreed to repay the debt under a writ-

ten agreement, or requested administrative review of the debt.

§4903.33 Referral of debt for tax refund offset.

The Director of the Financial Operations Department (or a department official designated by the Director) will refer debts to the IRS for refund offset, and will correct referrals, in accordance with IRS regulations (26 CFR 301.6402-6(e) and (f)).

Subpart D—Salary Offset [Reserved]

PART 4904—ETHICAL CONDUCT OF EMPLOYEES

AUTHORITY: 29 U.S.C. 1302(b); E.O. 11222, 30 FR 6469; 5 CFR 735.104.

§ 4904.1 Outside employment and other activity.

- (a)-(c) [Reserved]
- (d) An employee who is engaged in or is planning to engage in outside employment, business, professional or other such activities for pay shall obtain clearance:
- (1) When such activities raise a question of conflict with this subpart or any applicable laws, orders, regulations or standards, or
- (2) When applicable laws, orders or regulations require clearance of such activities.
- (e) A request for clearance shall be in writing and shall include a statement of the nature of and the amount of time to be devoted to the activity. The heads of offices shall receive and review requests for clearance submitted by members of their staff. The Executive Director or his designee shall receive and review requests for clearance submitted by the heads of offices and special Government employees. The employee reviewing the request for clearance may require the employee making the request to furnish such other information as may be appropriate in considering the request and shall consult with the Corporation's Ethics Counselor where appropriate. The request may be granted only if such activity would be consistent with applicable laws, orders and regulations.